

MOTIVATION FOR STUDENTS | Amanda Thew

---

---

---

---

---

---

### WHAT IS MOTIVATION

A driving force or reason for one's actions, including behaviors.

- Inspired by one's needs (Khan Academy, 2020).
  - Physiological
  - Psychological
  - Learned
- Relevance of task to their own goal.
- Level of work required.

---

---

---

---

---

---

### TYPES OF MOTIVATION

Intrinsic and Extrinsic (Khan Academy, 2020; Vanderbilt, 2020).

- Intrinsic
  - Internal factors.
  - Sense of accomplishment.
  - Makes one happy.
  - Enjoyable.
- Long-lasting.
- Impact on behavior changes may be slow.

---

---

---

---

---

---

## TYPES OF MOTIVATION CONTINUED

- \*Extrinsic.
- External factors.
- Expectations.
- Rewards.
- Obligations.
- \*Short-term.
- \*Behavior changes occur more easily.

---



---



---



---



---



---



---

## WAYS TO ENCOURAGE MOTIVATION

(GARFINKEL 2019, WATSON 2018)

- \*Provide examples.
- \*Different methods.
  - Paper and pencil
  - Hands-on
  - Reading
  - Group research
  - Discovery
- \*Constructive criticism.

---



---



---



---



---



---



---

## ENCOURAGING MOTIVATION CONT.

- \*Provide choices.
  - To exhibit knowledge
  - What/How to complete tasks
- \*Check for understanding.
- \*Share triumphs and tribulations.
- \*Set high expectations.

---



---



---



---



---



---



---

**PRAISE**

(GRABMILLER, LARSEN, WILHELM, POWELL, WILLIAMS, &amp; REED, 2020; MCGEE, 2019)

- \*Provide frequently.
- \*Specific not generic.
- \*Effort over ability.
- \*Promote growth mindset.
- \*Ratio of praise to reprimand.

---



---



---



---



---



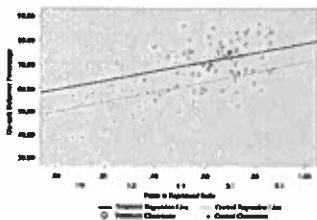
---



---

**PRAISE TO REPRIMAND RATIO**

(GRABMILLER ET AL., 2020)




---



---



---



---



---



---



---

**REINFORCERS**

(DE FORTES, GÖSSCH, EDWARDSON-BURGER, BASTIDA, BERNSTEIN, &amp; HANSEK, 2014; FASCI, 2019)

- \*Reinforcement vs. bribery.
- \*Intrinsic vs. delayed.
- \*Reinforcement categories
  - Activities
  - Objects
  - Rewards
  - Social
  - Novelty

---



---



---



---



---

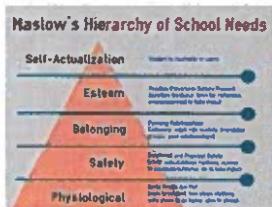


---



---

## HIERARCHY OF NEEDS



## REFERENCES

- Alvarado, P., Larsen, E. A. A., Williams, L., Dewitt, K. S., Wills, K. P., & Wherry, J. H. (2020). Effects of Teachers' Praise-as-2ndary Praise on Elementary Students' On-task Behavior. *Educational Psychology, 40*, 10.1080/01443510.2020.1711872.
- Baena, H. A., Bassett, M. C., Edwards-Gorey, M. E., Byrnesque, M. W., Bennett, R. F., & Diamond, D. P. (2016). A Three-Step Evidence-Based Model of the Teacher-Pupil Relationship: A Step-by-Step Process Educators and Trainers of Children. *39*(2).
- Chai, Y. (2013). Modern Human Capital Theory: Critical Review. Retrieved from <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0304385X13000261>
- Clean Academy. (2020). Motivation Article. Retrieved from <https://www.clean-academy.org/clean-prep/areas-of-study/psychology-and-psychiatry/concept-of-motivation-and-creativity/>
- Fager, L. (2017). Is It Positive Reinforcement or Berry? Subversive Edutainment in the 21st Century: The World According to Behavioral Science. Retrieved from <https://fager21.org/2017/02/16/positive-reinforcement-or-berry/>
- Gardner, L. (2020). Motivating Students. Retrieved from <https://cte.vanderbilt.edu/guide+web+page/motivating-students/>
- Williams, L. (2018). Top 5 Strategies for Motivating Students. Retrieved from <https://www.abq.org/mp-5-strategies-for-motivating-students/>